

The `gnuplottex` package*

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1 Introduction

This package allows you to include gnuplot graphs in your L^AT_EX documents.

The gnuplot code is extracted from the document and written to `.gnuplot` files. Then, if shell escape is used, the graph files are automatically processed to graphics or L^AT_EX code files which will then be included in the document. If shell escape isn't used, the user will have to manually convert the files by running gnuplot on the extracted `.gnuplot` files.

Shell escape is available in the web2c T_EX compiler, it allows the execution of shell code during the compilation of a T_EX document. It's disabled by default, you'll have to edit your configuration files or give the `-shell-escape` option to `latex`.

The package also allows you to include gnuplot code in a file verbatim, generating and including the plot automatically.

2 Requirements

To use gnuplottex, you'll need the `graphicx`, `latextsym`, `keyval`, `ifthen`, and `moreverb` packages and, of course, gnuplot.

3 Usage

To load the package, simply `\usepackage{gnuplottex}` in your document preamble. Options that can be passed to the package are

[*<shell>*] Use shell escape to automatically generate the graphs from the gnuplot source files. This is the default. Normally, you don't need to specify this option.

[*<noshell>*] Don't use shell escape, graphs must be generated manually.

*This document corresponds to `gnuplottex` v0.6, dated 2013/06/28.

[*<miktex>*] We're using mikTeX.

[*<siunitx>*] Use **siunitx** to typeset numbers in the graphs. You need to load the **siunitx** package before **gnuplottex** for this to work. If the gnuplot terminal does not support **T_EX**, a warning will be given and the functionality not used.

The following environment can be used to include graphs:

gnuplot Within this environment, you can specify arbitrary gnuplot code, for example
`plot sin(x).`

The code necessary to write the plot to a file will be inserted by this package. It adds 'set terminal *<terminal>*' and the name of the output file. The terminal can be specified by the user and defaults to **latex**. It may be set to anything supported by gnuplot. If set to a terminal which produces **T_EX** output, such as **latex**, **tex**, **epslatex**, or **pstricks**, the file processed by gnuplot will be included with the **\include** command, else the **\includegraphics** command is used. The file extension of the intermediate file is in some cases different from the terminal name, this is taken care of for most common terminals in the package code. If graphics inclusion fails for a specific terminal, the intermediate file extension may be the cause.

The terminal name can be specified as a value to the key **terminal** as an argument to the environment,

```
\begin{gnuplot}[terminal=<terminal>]
...
\end{gnuplot}
```

The graph can be scaled by providing an argument to the **scale** key, similar to the specification of the terminal name. It defaults to 1, i.e. no scaling will be done. Additional options to the terminal can be given as argument to the **terminaloptions** key, e.g.

```
\begin{gnuplot}[terminal=pdf,terminaloptions=font ",10" linewidth 3]
...
\end{gnuplot}
```

\gnuplotloadfile

In addition to the environment, you can use the command **\gnuplotloadfile** to directly include gnuplot source code. It accepts the same options as the environment, e.g.

```
\gnuplotloadfile[terminal=pdf]{example.gnuplot}
```

4 Acknowledgements

Thanks to Roy Ratcliffe for the suggestion and basic code for the gnuplot terminal specification and handling. Additional thanks to Michel Voßuhle for the implementation of **\gnuplotloadfile**. I would also like to thank all the people who sent me bug reports and feature requests. Gnuplottex wouldn't be what it is today without you.

5 Implementation

5.1 Initialization

```
1 \newif\ifShellEscape
2 \newif\ifmiktex \miktexfalse
3 \newif\ifusesiunitx
4
5 \newwrite\verbatim@out
6
7 \DeclareOption{shell}{\ShellEscapetrue}
8 \DeclareOption{noshell}{\ShellEscapefalse}
9 \DeclareOption{miktex}{\global\miktextrue}
10 \DeclareOption{siunitx}{\usesiunitxtrue}
11
12 \ExecuteOptions{shell}
13 \ProcessOptions\relax
14 %% test if shell escape really works
15 \ifShellEscape
16 \def\tmpfile{/tmp/w18-test-\the\year\the\month\the\day\the\time.tex}
17 \ifmiktex
18 \def\tmpfile{w18-test-\the\year\the\month\the\day\the\time.tex}
19 \immediate\write18{echo t > "\tmpfile"}
20 \else
21 \immediate\write18{touch \tmpfile}
22 \fi
23 \ifmiktex
24 \IfFileExists{\tmpfile}{\ShellEscapetrue}{\ShellEscapefalse}
25 \immediate\write18{\del "\tmpfile"}
26 \else
27 \IfFileExists{\tmpfile}{\ShellEscapetrue}{\ShellEscapefalse}
28 \immediate\write18{\rm -f \tmpfile}
29 \fi
30 \fi
31
32 \ifShellEscape
33   \PackageInfo{gnuplottex}
34   {Automatically converting gnuplot files.}
35 \else
36   \PackageWarningNoLine{gnuplottex}
37   {Shell escape not enabled.\MessageBreak
38   You'll need to convert the graphs yourself.}
39 \fi
40 \newcounter{fignum}
```

5.2 .gnuplot write out

```
41 \def\figname{\jobname-gnuplottex-fig\thefignum}
42
43 \def\usesiunitx{%
44   \escapechar=-1\edef\percentforgnuplot{\string\%}
45   \escapechar=-1\edef\backslashforgnuplot{\string\\}}
```

```

45           \immediate\write\verbatim@out{set format '\backslashbackslashforgnuplot num{%
46
47 \def\gnuplotverbatimwrite#1{%
48   \def\BeforeStream
49   {\message{Opening gnuplot stream #1}%
50     \immediate\write\verbatim@out{\string set terminal \gnuplotterminal \gnuplotterminal
51 \immediate\write\verbatim@out{\string set output '\figname.\gnuplottexextension{\gnuplotterm
52   \ifusesiunitx
53     \ifthenelse{\equal{\extension}{\string tex}}{\usesiunitxngnuplot}{\PackageWarningNoLine
54   \else
55     \relax
56   \fi
57 }
58 \@bsphack
59 \immediate\openout \verbatim@out #1
60 \BeforeStream%
61 \let\do\@makeother\dospecials
62 \catcode`\^^M\active
63 \def\verbatim@processline{%
64   \immediate\write\verbatim@out
65   {\the\verbatim@line}}%
66 \verbatim@start}
67 \def\endgnuplotverbatimwrite{%
68   \immediate\closeout\verbatim@out
69 \@esphack
70 \catcode`\\0
71 \catcode`\{1
72 \catcode`\}2
73 \catcode`\$3
74 \catcode`\&4
75 \catcode`\^^M5
76 \catcode`\#6
77 \catcode`\^7
78 \catcode`\_8
79 \catcode`\ 10
80 \catcode`\%14}

```

5.3 Environment definition

```

81 \def\gnuplottexextension@latex{\string tex}
82 \def\gnuplottexextension@epslatex{\string tex}
83 \def\gnuplottexextension@cairolatex{\string tex}
84 \def\gnuplottexextension@epic{\string tex}
85 \def\gnuplottexextension@pstricks{\string tex}
86 \def\gnuplottexextension@pslatex{\string tex}
87 \def\gnuplottexextension@pstex{\string tex}
88 \def\gnuplottexextension@emtex{\string tex}
89 \def\gnuplottexextension@jpeg{\string jpg}
90 \def\gnuplottexextension@tikz{\string tex}
91 \def\gnuplottexextension#1{\@ifundefined{gnuplottexextension@#1}{\csname gnuplottexexten

```

```

92 \define@key{pic}{scale}[1]{\def\gnuplotscale{\#1}}
93 \define@key{pic}{terminal}[latex]{\def\gnuplotterminal{\#1}}
94 \define@key{pic}{terminaloptions}{\def\gnuplotterminaloptions{\#1}}
95 \newenvironment{gnuplot}[1][]{\stepcounter{fignum}%
96 \def\gnuplotterminal{latex}%
97 \def\gnuplotterminaloptions{}%
98 \def\gnuplotscale{1}%
99 \setkeys{pic}{#1}%
100 \xdef\gnuplotCutFile{\figname.gnuplot}%
101 \gnuplotverbatim{\gnuplotCutFile}%
102 {\endgnuplotverbatim%
103 \gnuplotgraphicsprocess%%
104 \gnuplotgraphicsinclude}%

```

5.4 .gnuplot file processing

```

105 \def\extension{\gnuplotextextension{\gnuplotterminal}}%
106 \long\gdef\gnuplotgraphicsprocess{%
107 \ifShellEscape%
108 \IfFileExists{\figname.gnuplot}{%
109 \immediate\write18{gnuplot \figname.gnuplot}%
110 \IfFileExists{\figname.\extension}{%
111 \PackageInfo{gnuplotex}{\figname.gnuplot converted}%
112 {\PackageWarningNoLine{gnuplotex}%
113 {Conversion of \figname.gnuplot failed}}}{}%
114 \fi}%

```

5.5 Graph inclusion

```

115 \long\gdef\gnuplotgraphicsinclude{%
116 \IfFileExists{\figname.\extension}{%
117 \ifthenelse{\equal{\extension}{\string tex}}{%
118 {\scalebox{\gnuplotscale}{\input{\figname.\extension}}}%
119 {\includegraphics[scale=\gnuplotscale]{\figname.\extension}}%
120 }%
121 {\PackageWarningNoLine{gnuplotex}%
122 {Please convert \figname.gnuplot manually}}%
123 }%

```

5.6 .gnuplot file processing

```

124 \newcommand{\gnuplotloadfilewrite}[2]{%
125   \immediate\openout \verbatim@out \#1%
126   \message{Opening gnuplot stream \#1}%
127   \immediate\write\verbatim@out{\string set terminal \gnuplotterminal \gnuplotterminaloptions}%
128   \immediate\write\verbatim@out{\string set output '\figname.\gnuplotextextension{\gnuplot}}%
129   \ifusesiunitx%
130     \ifthenelse{\equal{\extension}{\string tex}}{\usesiunitxngnuplot}{\PackageWarningNoLine{gnuplotex}%
131     \else%
132       \relax%
133     \fi%
134   \ifusesiunitx%

```

```

135      {\escapechar=-1\edef\percentforgnuplot{\string\%}
136          \escapechar=-1\edef\backslashforgnuplot{\string\\}
137          \immediate\write\verbatim@out{set format '\backslashforgnuplot num{\percentforgnuplot
138      }\else
139          \relax
140      \fi
141      \immediate\write\verbatim@out{\string load '#2'}%
142      \immediate\closeout\verbatim@out%
143  }
144
145  \newcommand{\gnuplotloadfile}[2][]{%
146      \stepcounter{fignum}%
147      \def\gnuplotterminal{latex}%
148      \def\gnuplotterminaloptions{}%
149      \def\gnuplotscale{1}%
150      \setkeys{pic}{#1}%
151      \xdef\gnuplotCutFile{\fignum.gnuplot}%
152      \gnuplotloadfilewrite{\gnuplotCutFile}{#2}%
153      \gnuplotgraphicsprocess%
154      \gnuplotgraphicsinclude
155  }

```